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# Phosphorus, Sulfur, and Silicon and the Related Elements

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## Phosphate-Phosphonate Rearrangement of Aliphatic Phosphates

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# Phosphate-Phosphonate Rearrangement of Aliphatic Phosphates

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Phosphorylation of various aliphatic alcohols gives phosphates 1 which are deprotonated by sBuLi/TMEDA in diethyl ether, THF or hexane at -78 °C. The organo-lithiums 2 and 4 formed isomerize to  $\alpha$ -hydroxy-phosphonates 3 and 5 (phosphate-phosphonate rearrangement). [1.2]

$$R^{1}CH_{2}OP(O)(OR^{2})_{2} \xrightarrow{sBuLi} \\ 1 & -78 \text{ °C} \\ R^{2} = CH(CH_{3})_{2}, CD(CD_{3})_{2} \\ R^{1} & Q & QCH_{2}R^{1} \\ R^{2} = CH(CH_{3})_{2}, CD(CD_{3})_{2} \\ Q & QCH_{2}R^{1} \\ Q & QCH_{2}R^{1}$$

The portion of 5 depends on the substituents  $R^1$  and  $R^2$  and represents the acidification of a secondary alcohol for deprotonation by the phosphoryl group. The formation of byproduct 5 can be prevented by using tBu or  $(CD_3)_2CD$  instead of an iPr group for  $R^2$ . The rearrangement occurs with retention of configuration as proven with the phosphate of (S)- $[1-^2H_1]$ hexanol. Replacing TMEDA by chiral diamines allows the synthesis of chiral, non-racemic  $\alpha$ -hydroxyphosphonates.

## References

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